

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

eternel!" Once more: we understand how your attention of late has been monopolized by what is temporal and transitory. But now, you more than all the others, are called upon to find again the way to what is eternal. You possess the inclination for objective thought, the wide range of vision, the discretion, the habit of self-criticism. Of you we had expected the first step for the restoration of lacerated Europe. We call on you for cooperation in order to prevent science from becoming divided, for the first time and for an indefinite period, into hostile political camps.

SCIENTIFIC ITEMS

WE record with regret the death of Charles Henry Hitchcock, for forty years professor of geology at Dartmouth College.

DR. SIMON FLEXNER, director of the laboratories of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, Dr. Theodore W. Richards, professor of chemistry at Harvard University, and director of the Wolcott Gibbs Memorial Laboratory, and Dr. R. W. Wood, professor of physics in injury.

the Johns Hopkins University, have been elected foreign members of the Royal Society of London.

DR. FRANK SCHLESINGER, of the Allegheny Observatory, was elected president of the American Astronomical Society at the recent Ann Arbor meeting. Dr. Schlesinger succeeds the late Edward C. Pickering, who for many years in succession had been elected to this office.—At the October meeting of the executive board of the National Research Council Professor Vernon Kellogg, of Stanford University, was elected executive secretary of the council.

Announcement is made that Mr. John D. Rockefeller has added \$10,-600,000 to his previous endowment of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research. This gift, the largest made by Mr. Rockefeller at one time to the institution, is to meet rapidly growing needs in its many lines of research and in making new knowledge available in the protection of the public health and in the improved treatment of disease and injury.